

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II (including amendment of Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878)

LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS (PPF)

Issue: 2019-09-18

Revision: 2022-11-03

Version: 1.0/EN

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SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Liquefied Petroleum Gas (PPF) Name of the Substance: Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened EC No.: 270-705-8 CAS No.: 68476-86-8 Index No.: 649-203-00-1 REACH Registration No.: 01-2119490743-31-0002

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses: feed stock for chemical processing. Uses advised against: no other use is recommended.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer:

Public Company *ORLEN Lietuva* Juodeikiai, LT-89453 Mažeikiai District, Lithuania Tel.: +370 443 92121 E-mail address: <u>post@orlenlietuva.lt</u>

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Poison Information Bureau. In case of poisoning (24/7): +370 52 362052 or +370 687 53378 General helpline number in Europe (24/7): 112

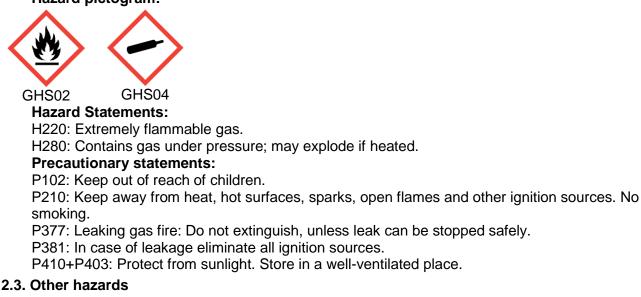
SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Flam. Gas 1A, H220 Liquefied gas, H280 For the full text of Hazard Statements: see SECTION 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Signal word: DANGER Hazard pictogram:



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Does not contain any substances assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB or having endocrine disrupting properties with concentration equal to or greater than 0.1 %.

Product is extremely flammable liquefied hydrocarbon compound which at ambient temperature may form explosive hydrocarbon mixtures with air.

If inhaled, product hydrocarbons have narcotic effect leading to nervous system and heart disorders; irritating to respiratory tract and eyes. Inhalation of large gas concentrations may lead to unconsciousness or suffocation in the short run due to oxygen deficiency. After contact with skin or eyes liquefied gas may cause frostbite due to intensive evaporation.

Formation of toxic compounds with other materials in water and air at ambient temperatures is not characteristic to product. Accidental release may produce short-term soil, water and atmosphere contamination and significant reduction of oxygen concentration in ambient air, especially in a confined spaces.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Trade name: Liquefied Petroleum Gas (PPF)

Liquefied petroleum gas, mixture of C_3 hydrocarbons containing small amounts of C_2 , C_4 . LPG contains less than 0.1 % mass of 1,3-butadiene.

Substance Name	Concentration, %	Labelling according to CLP Regulation
Petroleum gases, liquefied,	100	Flam. Gas 1A, H220
sweetened		Liquefied gas, H280
EC No.: 270-705-8		
CAS No.: 68476-86-8		
Index No.: 649-203-00-1		
REACH Registration No.:		
01-2119490743-31-0002		
Additives	0 - 0.002	

Product may contain substances for which workplace exposure limit value is established. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in SECTION 8. For full text of H-statements, see SECTION 16.

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Product-Specific hazards

Extremely flammable liquefied gas. An asphyxiant at high concentrations – oxygen depletion can be fatal. Contact with liquefied gas may result in frostbite.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Before attempting to rescue casualties, isolate area from all potential sources of ignition including disconnecting electrical supply.

Ensure adequate ventilation and check that a safe, breathable atmosphere is present before entry into confined spaces. Take care to self-protect to avoid poisoning – use approved self-contained positive pressure air supplied breathing apparatus with a full face piece.

Move contaminated patient(s) out of the dangerous area. Seek medical assistance – show the material safety data sheet or label if possible.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Do not leave the victim unattended. Keep patient warm and at rest. If unconscious place in recovery position.

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Seek immediate medical attention.

If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if possible, or assisted ventilation. In the event of cardiac arrest, (no pulse), apply cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

Skin Contact

Do not remove clothing that adheres due to freezing. Flush affected area with plenty of water. Continue for at least 15 minutes. If there are signs of frostbite, (blanching or redness of skin or burning or tingling sensation), do not rub, massage or compress the affected area. Send the casualty immediately to hospital.

Eye Contact

Remove any contact lenses. Flush eyes with water thoroughly and continuously for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If there are signs of frostbite, pain, swelling, lachrymation or photophobia persists, the casualty should be seen in a specialist health care facility.

Ingestion

Not considered a likely route of exposure – frostbite to the lips and mouth may occur if in contact with the liquid.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation of vapours to high concentrations may cause asphyxiation. Skin and eye contact with product in liquid form may cause frostbite.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Asphyxiant gas at normal temperature and pressure – there is no specific antidote. If affected by liquid, administer frostbite treatment.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability

Product is extremely flammable; it may form explosive mixtures with air. Product is transported, stored and handled at temperatures higher than its flash point. Avoid all open and potential sources of ignition.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

- Large fire:
- Water spray,
- Water fog (specifically trained personnel only),
- Foam (specifically trained personnel only),
- Small fire:
- Carbon dioxide,
- Dry chemical powder,
- Dry sand,
- Fire fighting foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use direct water jets on the burning product.

Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustion Products

Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and unburned hydrocarbons (smoke).

Specific Hazards

Where possible stop the flow of gas, and if safe to do so. If the flow cannot be stopped allow the fire to burn out, whilst cooling containers, equipment and surroundings with a water spray.

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Product in gaseous phase is heavier than air, therefore explosive gas and air mixtures can accumulate in low non-ventilated areas. Vapours may travel long distances to ignition sources and flash back. Considerable amounts of toxic gas (CO, CO₂) may be emitted in case of fire. Cylinders or other containment vessels may explode under fire conditions – use water spray to cool

unopened containers.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses – may cause explosion hazard in drains and may reignite.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

OR

In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode in addition to standard fire fighting gear.

Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.

If it is impossible to put out the fire, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid direct contact with released material and breathing vapours. Stay upwind. Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Enter area only if strictly necessary. A combustible gas detector can be used to check for flammable gas or vapours. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares, etc.).

If required, notify relevant authorities according to applicable regulations.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Wear normal personal protective equipment: antistatic working clothes, work gloves, work helmet, antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, goggles or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), unless the atmosphere is proved to be safe.

Spillages of material generate large volumes of extremely flammable gas. As product flash point is very low any spillage or leak of the material causes serious fire and/or explosion hazard. Gas is heavier than air and will accumulate in low areas or confined spaces.

Cylinders or other containment vessels may explode under fire conditions - use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses – may cause explosion hazard in drains and may reignite.

In case of release of considerable amounts of product, extensive amounts of explosive vapours heavier than air are formed which may travel long distances to the sources of ignition, therefore immediately inform the downwind area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Spillages onto Land

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent spillage from entering drains or any place where accumulation may occur. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. **Spillages on water or at sea**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Spillages of liquid product in the water will likely result in a quick and complete vaporization of the product. Isolate the area and prevent fire/explosion hazard for ships and other structures, taking into account wind direction and speed, until the material is completely dispersed.

If the spillage contaminates rivers, lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

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Spillages onto Land

Contain spillage – ventilate area and allow to evaporate.

Spillages on Water or at Sea

Contain spillage –allow to evaporate.

Additional information

Spillages of liquid product will create a fire hazard and form an explosive atmosphere. Large spillage should be smothered with foam to reduce product evaporation and the risk of explosion or ignition. Ensure all equipment is non-sparking or electrically bonded.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See SECTION 8 for Exposure controls/personal protection. See SECTION 13 for Disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Risk of explosive mixtures of vapour and air. Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding explosive atmospheres, and handling and storage facilities of flammable products, are followed. Proper mobile tanks should be used for product transportation. Prevent product spillage to sewage or water bodies while handling and storing.

Ensure safe systems of work or equivalent arrangements are in place to manage risks. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited.

The vapour is heavier than air; beware of accumulation in pits and confined spaces.

To avoid frostbite do not touch cold fittings, equipment, cylinders and tanks with liquefied gas barehanded.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Handling

During product transfer activities (loading and unloading of mobile tanks), there is a risk of static electrical discharge, therefore take precautionary measures against static electricity; use proper bonding and/or grounding. Handle only in areas away from potential ignition sources.

Use piping and equipment designed to withstand the pressures to be encountered. Use a check valve or other protective device to prevent reverse flow.

Consider technical advances and process upgrades (including automation) for the elimination of releases. Use only in well ventilated areas. Minimise exposure using measures such as closed systems, dedicated facilities and suitable general/local exhaust ventilation. Drain down systems and clear transfer lines prior to breaking containment.

Clean/flush equipment, where possible, prior to maintenance. Regularly inspect, test and maintain all control measures.

Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of the internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations. Handle empty containers with care; gas, vapour residue may be flammable. Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, or grind on containers.

Avoid all sources of ignition, oxidising agents, chlorine and hydrogen chloride or hydrogen fluoride. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Storage

Store in specifically designated storage facilities located in a safe distance from potential sources of ignition.

To store only in supplied cylinders or approved vessels in a designated cool and well-ventilated place. Cylinders should be secured vertical – and only transported in a secure position in a well ventilated vehicle or hand truck. Cylinders which have been are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright.

Containers, tanks and cylinders should be marked and warning boards should be placed as reference to safe equipment operation and product storage.

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For maintenance work or conservation, emptied tanks should be purged, and blanketed with inert gas (i.e. nitrogen).

Recommended and Unsuitable Materials for Storage

Recommended materials: Use only receptables specifically permitteed for this product.

<u>Unsuitable materials</u>: some materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

Container Advice

If the product is supplied in containers: Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product. Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Protect from the sunlight.

Empty containers may contain flammable product residues. Do not weld, solder, drill, cut or incinerate empty containers, unless they have been properly cleaned.

Hygiene measures

Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product. Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Product is used as a feed stock for chemical processing.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Substances for which occupational exposure limit values need to be controlled in the work environment:

Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened, CAS No.: 68476-86-8

Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23:2011: not established.

Exposure Limits

Comply with established national occupational exposure limits. Where not established, the following short-term exposure limit is recommended – 1200 mg/m³.

Biological limit values (BLV)

No biological limit value has been established for this substance.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Standard monitoring procedures must be followed.

Follow the monitoring measures applied in the country.

Derived No Effect Level DNEL

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) or other conclusions of hazardous health effects:

Route of	Type of exposure	Hazard assessment conclusion	Most sensitive endpoint
exposure			
Workers			
Systemic effe	ects		
Inhalation	Long term exposure	DMEL 2.21 mg/m ³	Carcinogenicity
Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available	
Dermal	Long term exposure	DNEL 23.4 mg/kg bw/day	Carcinogenicity
Dermal	Acute/short term exposure	No data available: testing technically not feasible	
Local effects			
Inhalation	Long term exposure	No-threshold effect and/or no dose-response information available	



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Inhalation	Acute/short term	No-threshold effect and/or no	
	exposure	dose-response information	
		available	
Dermal	Long term exposure	No data available: testing	
		technically not feasible	
Dermal	Acute/short term	No data available: testing	
	exposure	technically not feasible	
General Pop	oulation		
Systemic eff	ects		
Inhalation	Long term exposure	DNEL 0.066 mg/m ³	Carcinogenicity
Inhalation	Acute/short term	No-threshold effect and/or no	
	exposure	dose-response information	
		available	
Dermal	Long term exposure	No data available: testing	
		technically not feasible	
Dermal	Acute/short term	No data available: testing	
	exposure	technically not feasible	
Oral	Long term exposure	No data available: testing	
		technically not feasible	
Oral	Acute/short term	No data available: testing	
	exposure	technically not feasible	
Local effects	6		
Inhalation	Long term exposure	No-threshold effect and/or no	
		dose-response information	
		available	
Inhalation	Acute/short term	No-threshold effect and/or no	
	exposure	dose-response information	
		available	
Dermal	Long term exposure	No data available: testing	
		technically not feasible	
Dermal	Acute/short term	No data available: testing	
	exposure	technically not feasible	

Predicted No Effect Concentrations PNEC

PNEC is not determined or cannot be determined.

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Ensure equipment is adequately earthed.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

a) Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses (e.g. acc. to EN 166).

b) Skin protection

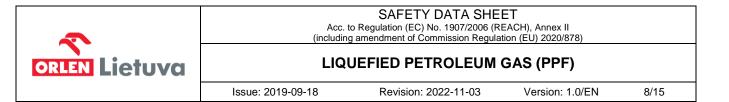
i) Hand protection

Use protective gloves (tested and compliant to EN374). Check before use. Use only with clean hands. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Always seek advice from glove suppliers for use, storage, care and replacement of gloves.

ii) Other

Wear protective clothes (according to EN 465) and other protection equipment. Protective clothing should be regularly inspected and maintained.

c) Respiratory protection



In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

NOTE. Filtering masks are hardly effective for protection against C_2 , C_3 and C_4 hydrocarbons. When working in vessel internals or other confined spaces **do not** use filtering masks but the special self-contained protective equipment. Respiratory protection equipment should be selected and used in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and requirements established by the law.

d) Thermal hazards

Not required for normal conditions of use. Use dedicated equipment.

Hygiene measures

Comply with personal hygiene requirements. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

To ensure the compliance of ventilation and process equipment with requirements of environmental legislation, emissions of such equipment are subject to verification. In some cases vapour filterring installations or process equipment modifications may be necessary for the reduction of emission to allowed limit.

Clear liquid at storage pressure; Clear gas at ambient pressure

Unpleasant specific (merkaptane) odour due to its compounds

From minus 187 °C to minus 138 °C

24–60 mg/l (in water, at 20° C)

From minus 45 °C to 0 °C

Extremely flammable

Below minus 60 ℃

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

1.09 to 2.8 (at 20°C)

1.4-2.0 (rel. to air)

Not applicable

400–1500 kPa (at 40 ℃)

0.51–0.59 g/cm³ (at 15 ℃)

1.8–15 %

> 430 ℃

Colourless/clear

Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- a) Physical state
- b) Colour
- c) Odour
- d) Melting point/freezing point
- e) Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range
- f) Flammability
- g) Lower and upper explosion limit
- h) Flash point
- i) Auto-ignition temperature
- j) Decomposition temperature
- k) pH
- I) Kinematic viscosity
- m) Solubility
- n) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)
- o) Vapour pressure
- p) Density and/or relative density
- q) Relative vapour density
- r) Particle characteristics

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Based on the available data, meets the CLP Regulation criteria as Category 1A, Flammable Gases.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at ambient temperature, hazardous polymerization reactions will not occur.





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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not expected to occur. Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Note: This material is stable when properly handled and stored. Hazardous reactions with incompatible materials.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

High ambient temperature.

Avoid electrostatic discharges and other ignition sources.

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces other ignition sources, and oxidizing conditions. No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Avoid contact with: Strong oxidizing agents; Halogenated hydrocarbons; Nitrogen dioxide; Fluoride compounds; Halogens (bromine, chlorine, fluorine); Metal catalysts.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Partial decomposition produces fume, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other harmful gases. Concentration of toxic gas in a confined space or premises may reach a hazardous limit.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

a) acute toxicity

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (weight of evidence approach). b) skin corrosion/irritation

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (weight of evidence approach). c) serious eye damage/irritation

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (weight of evidence approach). d) respiratory or skin sensitisation

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (weight of evidence approach). e) germ cell mutagenicity

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (weight of evidence approach). f) carcinogenicity

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (weight of evidence approach). g) reproductive toxicity

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (OECD 422).

The NOAEC for reproductive toxicity (inhalation exposure for up to 42 days) was 16000 ppm, equivalent to 19678 mg/m^3 .

The NOAEC for developmental toxicity (inhalation exposure for up to 42 days) was 16000 ppm, equivalent to 19678 mg/m³.

h) STOT-single exposure

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (weight of evidence approach). i) STOT-repeated exposure

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (OECD 422).

The NOAEC of ethane (inhalation, 28 day) was 16000 ppm, equivalent to 19678 mg/m³.

j) aspiration hazard

Does not meet the classification criteria based on available data (weight of evidence approach). Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics, delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

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After contact with eyes product (liquid state) may cause serious damage, and after contact with skin may cause cold burns or frostbite. In case of strong frostbite, blisters and obstinate burns may occur. Frostbite of large skin surfaces may cause serious health problems.

If swallowed in small doses may irritate respiratory tract, cause dizziness, nausea, weakness, headache and drowsiness. Large vapour amounts may disturb nervous system, cardiac and respiratory functions; may deplete oxygen content in air breathed and cause hypoxia, therefore, person may suffocate or lose consciousness in a very short time.

Repeated or long-term exposure to product vapours may result in various disorders: hypotonia, hyper-tiredness, insomnia, neurosis. Long-term product vapour contact with skin may cause dermatitis.

Carcinogenic or mutagenic affects and bio-accumulative potential are not characteristic to product.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Not applicable. The substance is not considered an endocrine disruptor.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Based on available data does not meet the classification criteria as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Calculated short-term toxic effects on fish LC_{50} (96 hours) for fish is estimated to range from 24.11 to 147.54 mg.l⁻¹in fresh water.

Calculated short-term toxic effects on aquatic invertebrates LC_{50} (96 hours) for invertebrates is estimated to range from 7.02 to 69.43 mg.l⁻¹ in fresh water.

Calculated short-term toxic effects on aquatic algae and cyanobacteria EC₅₀ for toxicity to aquatic algae is estimated to range from 7.71 to 16.5 mg.l-1in fresh water.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

The substance is considered readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

The substance is a gaseous hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.

12.4. Mobility in soil

The substance is a gaseous hydrocarbon UVCB. Standard tests for this endpoint are intended for single substances and are not appropriate for the risk assessment of this complex substance.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance does not contain constituents included in the SVHC candidate list as PBT/vPvB at concentrations above 0.1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

This material does not contain any hydrocarbon structures that have been identified as having endocrine disrupting properties at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1%.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposed of by decontamination in accordance with national requirements and local regulations or via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note hazards arising from waste, and undertake required safety measures when handling it. Personnel involved in waste handling should wear personal protective equipment.



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Empty storage tanks and railway tank cars may contain product residues; therefore, warning labels are to be retained as a guide to the safe tank handling and waste disposal. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour.

DO NOT weld, solder and repair in other ways the tanks without proper preparation.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION Labels Land transport (ADR-RID) 14.1. UN number or ID number 1965 14.2. UN proper shipping name UN 1965, HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S. (Liquefied Petroleum Gas) 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 2 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards Not dangerous for the environment. 14.6. Special precautions for user Hazard identification No. 23 2F Classification code Labels 2.1 Special provisions 274, 583, 652, 660, 662 Limited and excepted quantities E0 Tunnel restriction code 2 (B/D) For details on special provisions, see In chapter 3.3 of the ADR / RID regulation. See also SECTION 7 of the SDS for handling and storage advice. 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments Not applicable. Inland waterway transport (UN RTDG/ADN(R)) 14.1. UN number or ID number 1965 14.2. UN proper shipping name UN 1965, HYDROCARBON GAS MIXTURE, LIQUEFIED, N.O.S. (Liquefied Petroleum Gas) 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) 2 14.4. Packing group 14.5. Environmental hazards Not dangerous for the environment. 14.6. Special precautions for user

2F

Classification code

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Labels	2.1				
Special provisions	274				
14.7. Maritime transport in Not applicable.	bulk according to IN	IO instruments			
Marine transport (UN RTD	G/IMDG)				
14.1. UN number or ID num					
1965					
14.2. UN proper shipping I	name				
		LIQUEFIED, N.O.S. (Li	quefied Petroleum	Gas)	
14.3. Transport hazard cla		,		,	
2					
14.4. Packing group					
-					
14.5. Environmental hazar	ds				
Not dangerous for the e	environment.				
14.6. Special precautions	for user				
EmS number	F-D, S-U				
Limited and excepted q	uantities None 274				
Special provisions 1965 is category E for s		n			
14.7. Maritime transport in	•				
Not applicable.					
Air transport (UN RTDG/IC	AO/IATA)				
14.1. UN number or ID num					
1965					
14.2. UN proper shipping I	name				
UN 1965, HYDROCAR	BON GAS MIXTURE,	LIQUEFIED, N.O.S. (Li	quefied Petroleum	Gas)	
14.3. Transport hazard cla	ss(es)				
2					
14.4. Packing group					
-					
14.5. Environmental hazar	ds				
Not dangerous for the e	environment.				
14.6. Special precautions	for user				
Limited and excepted q	uantities None				
14.7. Maritime transport in	bulk according to IN	IO instruments			
Not applicable.					

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Relevant EU/international legislations:

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (CLP)

SAFETY DATA SHEET Acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II (including amendment of Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878)					
LIQ	JEFIED PETROLEUM	GAS (PPF)			
Issue: 2019-09-18	Revision: 2022-11-03	Version: 1.0/EN	13/15		
bean Parliament and of riction of Chemicals (R C) No 440/2008 of 30 07/2006 (REACH) 425 of the European Parlia of the European Parlian of the European Parlian rds involving dangerou k/EC of 7 April 1998 of 0 chemical agents at we 91/EEC of 12 June 19 of the International Car in the International Car sion Decision of 3 May 07/2006 (REACH): at of substances of very Authorisation List): Not Substances restricted 9/2012 (PIC): Not appli 0/2004 (POT): Not app 07/2009 (Plant protectio 8/2012 (Biocidal production 8/2004 (Detergents): Not 25/2009 (OSAM): Not a related to exposure to of	the Council concerning EACH) May 2008 laying dow Parliament and of the Council ment and of the Council substances in the protection of the ork 289 on the introduction ters at work in the protection of your arriage of Dangerous Gov 2000 replacing Decision and the concern for Author tapplicable under REACH): Not applicable on products): Not applicable ot applicable applicable carcinogens or mutager	the Registration, in test methods p Council of 9 Marc cil of 19 November of 4 July 2012 on health and safety n of measures to ng people at work Goods by Road / V ods by Air (IATA) on 94/3/EC establi- prisation): Not appli- plicable cable	Evaluation, bursuant to ch 2016 on er 2008 on the control of workers encourage Waterways shing a list licable		
		ne legislation shou	ud be duly		
	(including LIQI Issue: 2019-09-18 n (EU) 2020/878 of 18 s bean Parliament and of riction of Chemicals (R C) No 440/2008 of 30 07/2006 (REACH) (425 of the European Parlian of the European Parlian of the European Parlian rds involving dangerou 4/EC of 7 April 1998 of 5 chemical agents at we 91/EEC of 12 June 19 afety and health of work 8/EC of 22 June 1994 of 5 on the International Car on the International Car sion Decision of 3 May 07/2006 (REACH): st of substances of very (Authorisation List): Not (Substances restricted 19/2012 (PIC): Not appli 0/2004 (POT): Not appli 0/2009 (Plant protection 8/2012 (Biocidal product 8/2012 (Biocidal product 8/2004 (Detergents): Not arelated to exposure to cont t updates, amendment	Acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (R (including amendment of Commission Regula Issue: 2019-09-18 Revision: 2022-11-03 In (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending At bean Parliament and of the Council concerning riction of Chemicals (REACH) C) No 440/2008 of 30 May 2008 laying dow 07/2006 (REACH) '425 of the European Parliament and of the Council rds involving dangerous substances 4/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the ochemical agents at work 91/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction afety and health of workers at work 8/EC of 22 June 1994 on the protection of your on the International Carriage of Dangerous Go sion Decision of 3 May 2000 replacing Decisio 07/2006 (REACH): st of substances of very high concern for Author (Authorisation List): Not applicable 07/2009 (Plant protection products): Not applicable 07/2009 (Plant protection products): Not applicable 8/2004 (Detergents): Not applicable 8/2004 (Detergents): Not applicable 8/2004 (Detergents): Not applicable 05/2009 (OSAM): Not applicable 05/2009 (OSAM): Not applicable related to exposure to carcinogens or mutager	Acc. to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II (including amendment of Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878) LIQUEFIED PETROLEUM GAS (PPF) Issue: 2019-09-18 Revision: 2022-11-03 Version: 1.0/EN In (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Annex II to Regulation bean Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, riction of Chemicals (REACH) C) No 440/2008 of 30 May 2008 laying down test methods p 07/2006 (REACH) 425 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 Marco ujpment of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on rds involving dangerous substances 4/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety to chemical agents at work 91/EEC of 12 June 1989 on the introduction of measures to afety and health of workers at work 4/EC of 2 June 1989 on the protection of young people at work on the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Air (IATA) sion Decision of 3 May 2000 replacing Decision 94/3/EC establic 07/2006 (REACH): st of substances of very high concern for Authorisation): Not appli (Authorisation List): Not applicable 07/2009 (Plant protection products): Not applicable 8/2012 (Biocidal products): Not applicable 8/2012 (Biocidal products): Not applicable 8/2004 (Detergents): Not applicable 8/2009 (OSAM): Not applicable 8/2009 (OSAM): Not applicable 8/2009 (OSAM): Not applicable 8/2009 (OSAM): Not applicable 1/2009 (Plant protection products): Not applicable 8/2009 (OSAM): Not applicable 1/2009 (Plant protection products): Not applicable 8/2004 (Detergents): Not applicable 8/2004 (Detergents): Not applicable 1/2004 (Detergents): Not applicable 1/2004 (Detergents): Not applicable 1/2009 (OSAM): Not applicable 1/2009 (DSAM): Not applicable 1/2009 (DSAM): Not applicable 1/2009 (DSAM): Not applicable 1/2009 (DSAM): Not applicable 1/2009		

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment has been conducted.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Revision of safety data sheet: 2022-11-03

Revised: all sections.

During the review of the SDS, the data presented were clarified and arranged in accordance with the European Commission Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878 requirements.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

- ADR Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- BLV Biological limit values
- CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
- CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures
- DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level

		SAFETY DATA SHE o Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (R g amendment of Commission Regula	EACH), Annex II	
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(European Li EL ₅₀ Effective load EmS Emergency F EN European sta ErL ₅₀ Loading Rate growth rate EU European Ur IATA International IBC International IBC International IMDG International IMO International JT United Nation LC ₅₀ Lethal conce LD ₅₀ Lethal load for LTEL Long-term ex NOAEC No observed NOAEL No observed NOAEL No observed NOEL Non observed NOEL Non observed NOEL Non observed NOEL Non observed NOEL Non observed RCR Risk character RID The Regulati RTDG Recommend REACH Regulation co Chemicals STEL Short-term ex STOT Specific target UFI Unique Form UVCB Substance of materials	ropean Inventory of Exist st of Notified Chemical S ling rate resulting in 50% Response Procedures for andard of European Corre- of Test Substance (in d aion Air Transport Association bulk container Civil Aviation Organization Maritime Dangerous Go Maritime Organization ns intration for 50 % percent or 50 % percent of test of or 50 % of the test organ ithuania sposure limit value adverse effect level for Economic Cooperation oaccumulative and toxice effect concentration erization ratio on concerning the Interna- ations on the Transport of concerning the Registration accumulative and toxice on concerning the Interna- ations on the Transport of concerning the Registration and very Bioaccumulation and very Bioacumulation and very Bioacumul	Substances) 6 effect r Ships Carrying Dange mittee for Standardizat ilution water) which cau n on ods Code t of test organisms organisms (median lethat isms ation on and Development ational Carriage of Dan of Dangerous Goods on, Evaluation, Authoris	rous Goods ion ises 50% reduction al dose) gerous Goods by ation and Restricti	n in algal Rail on of
Key literature refere Registration documer	nder pressure; may expl nces and sources for d tation	lata		
-	a from the national limit v International Limit value		uropean Chemica	als Agency
Training advice Employees/users mus	st be trained/familiarized	with the relevant safety	information provid	ded.

Do not use the product for any purposes other than indicated in the manufacturer's information. During such use the user may be exposed to unforeseen hazards.



Should you have any questions or doubts regarding SDS, its contents or any other concerns related to safety of the product, please contact us by e mail: <u>post@orlenlietuva.lt</u>

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